

Data collection and progress monitoring using autonomous rover and IoT

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Problem statement

- Progress Monitoring is a manual and time-consuming task
 - Not very accurate
 - Needs to be automated

Research objectives

- Automated progress monitoring on construction site
 - Automated data collection
 - Autonomous robot navigation
 - Autonomous data merging
 - Comparison between as-built and as-planned model
 - 3D reconstruction
 - Automated generation of dashboards

Project Workflow

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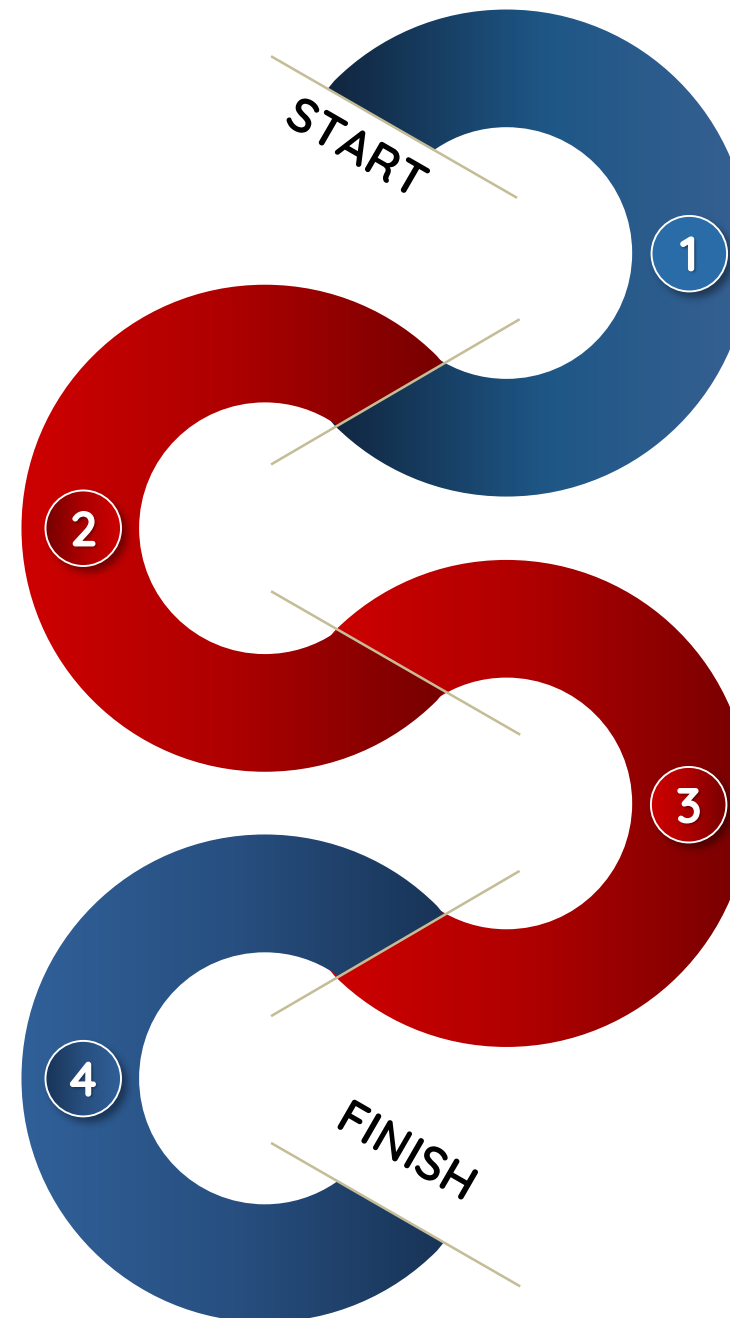
BLE Beacons Location

Used to collect the position of small elements of the as-built model.



Dashboards of progress monitoring

The final goal is to generate dashboards to help the construction workers on site



Data Collection by the Rover

Used to collect video, pictures and point cloud



Comparison between as-built model And as-planned 4D model

Compare the two models to see the differences



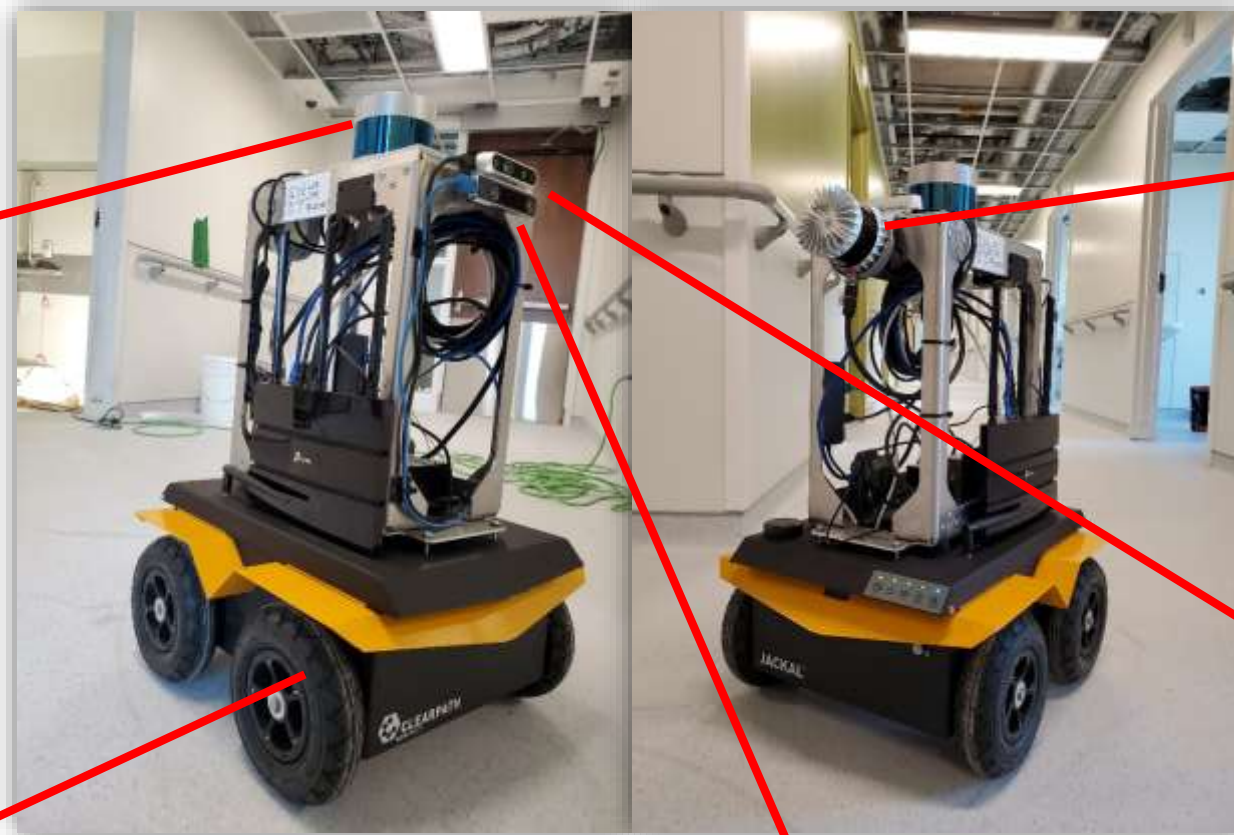
The Rover

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Velodyne Puck

- 32 laser lines
- Field of View: 360° horizontal and 40° vertical
- Range: 120 m



Ouster OS1-32

- 32 laser lines
- Field of View: 360° horizontal and 45° vertical
- Range: 120 m



Clearpath JACKAL

- All-terrain vehicle
- Size: 508 x 430 x 250 mm
- Weight: 17 kg
- Max payload: 20 kg
- Max speed: 2.0 m/s
- Run time: 4 hours
- IMU and Wheel Encoders: can help with SLAM



RealSense T265

- Two Fisheye lenses: large field of view
- Inertial Measurement Unit: accurate measurement of rotation and acceleration
- V-SLAM algorithm: tracks camera position and orientation



RealSense D435i

- RGB camera: 1920 x 1080 pixels / 30 frames per second
- Depth: Measures distance to objects in the environment

Goals and challenges

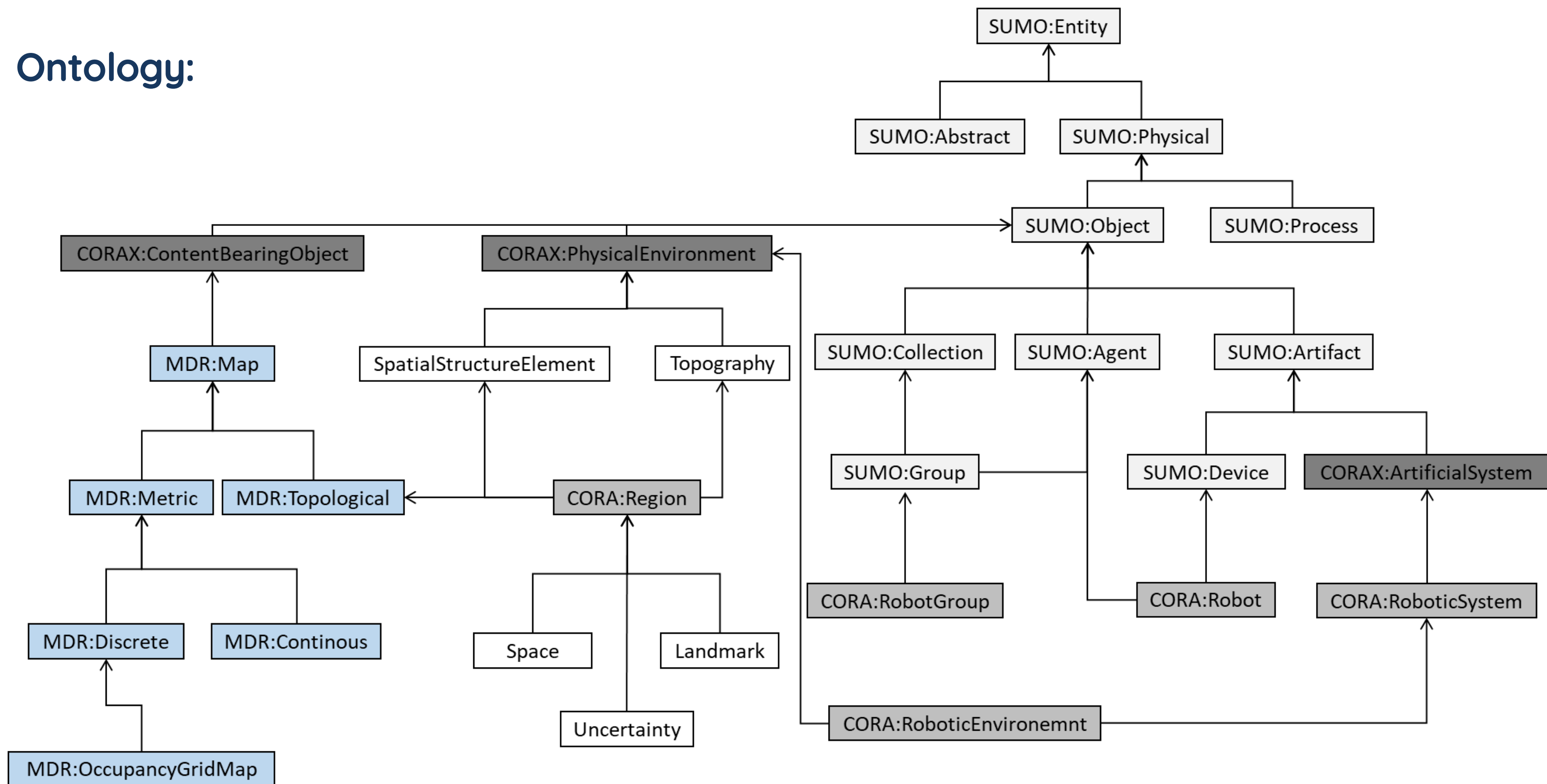
- Modification of A* algorithm
- Path planning based on BIM/IFC semantics

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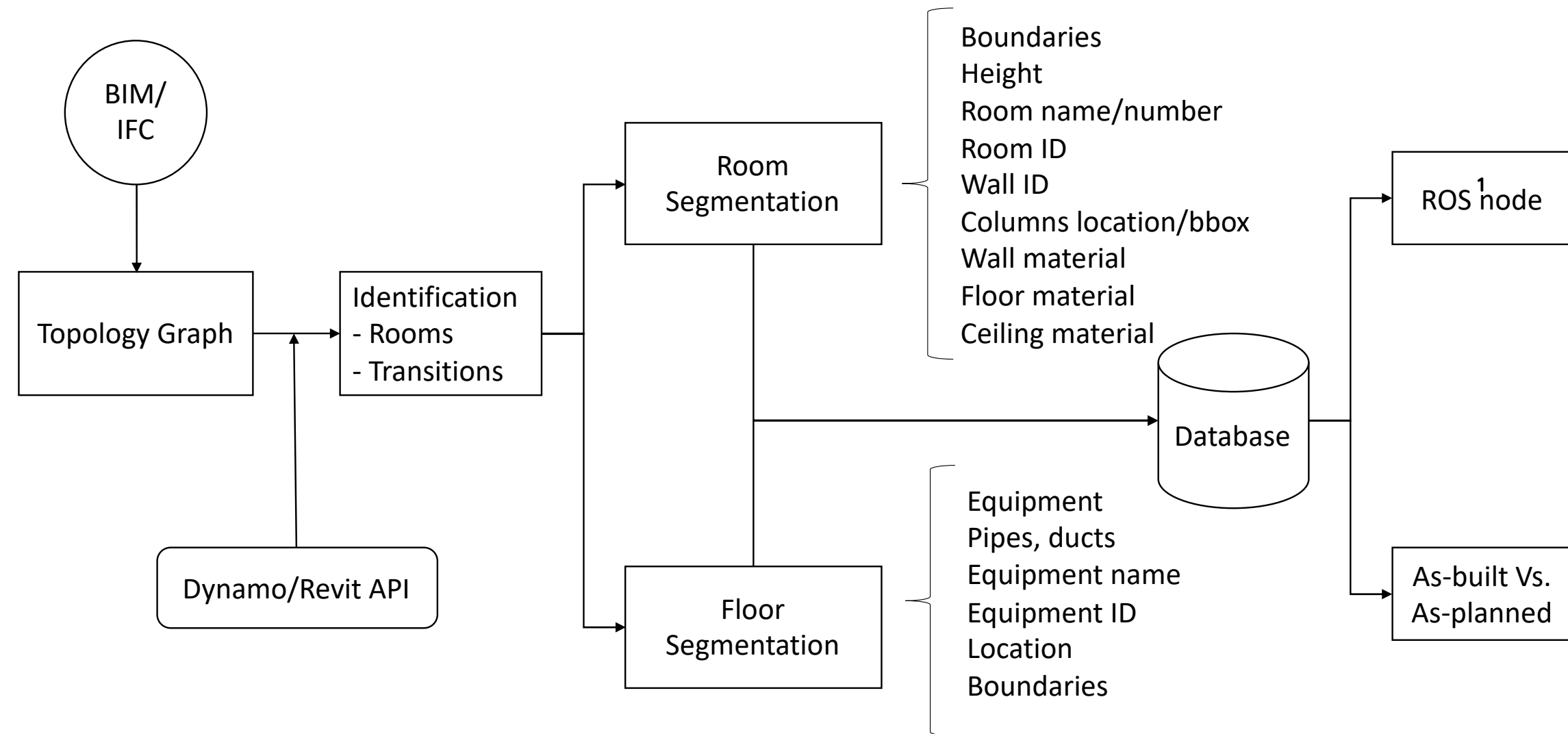


Ontology:

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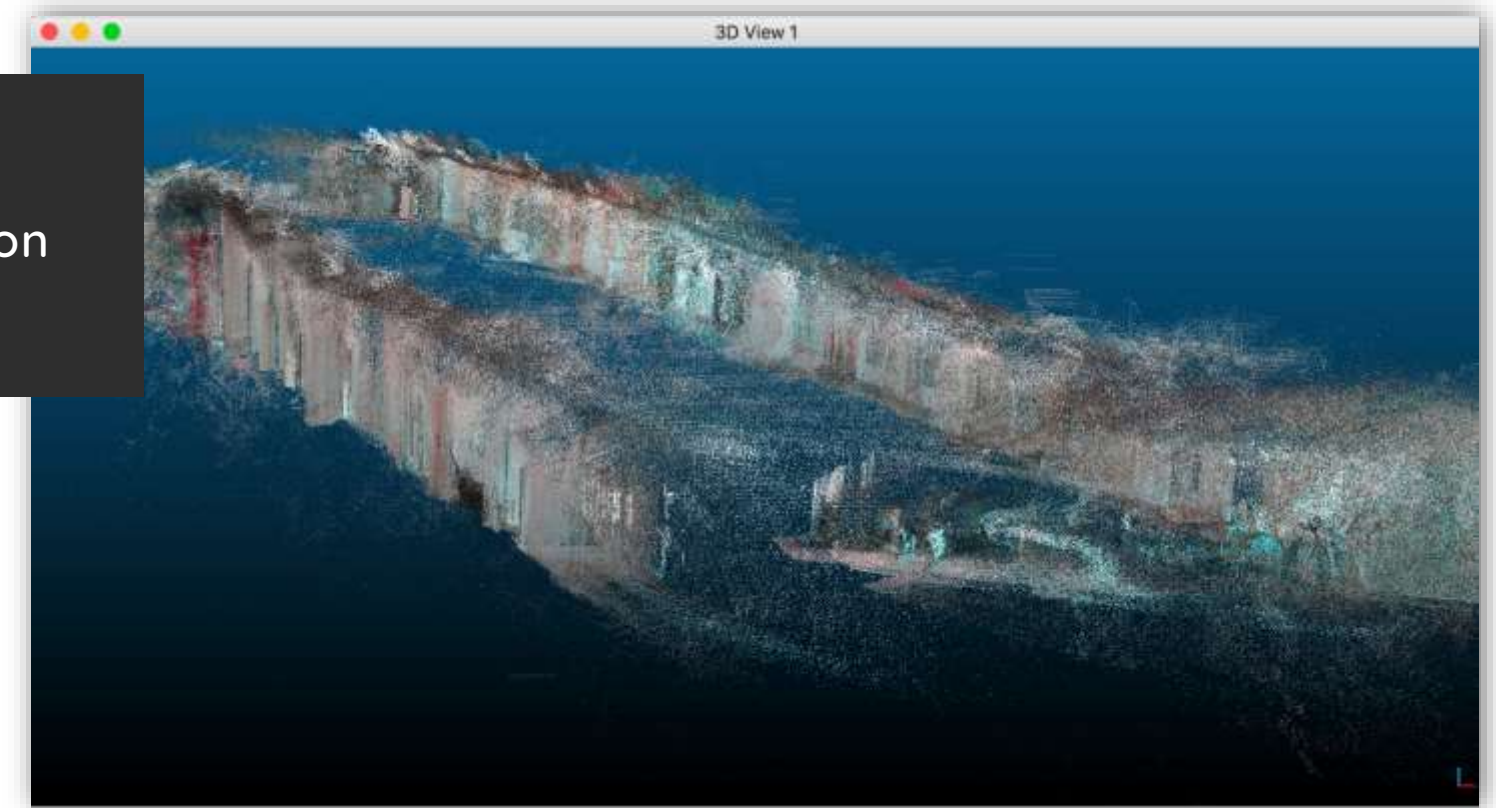
Overall dataflow



1 : Robot Operating System

Data Point Cloud

This data point Cloud was collected **by the Rover** on the CHUM construction Site

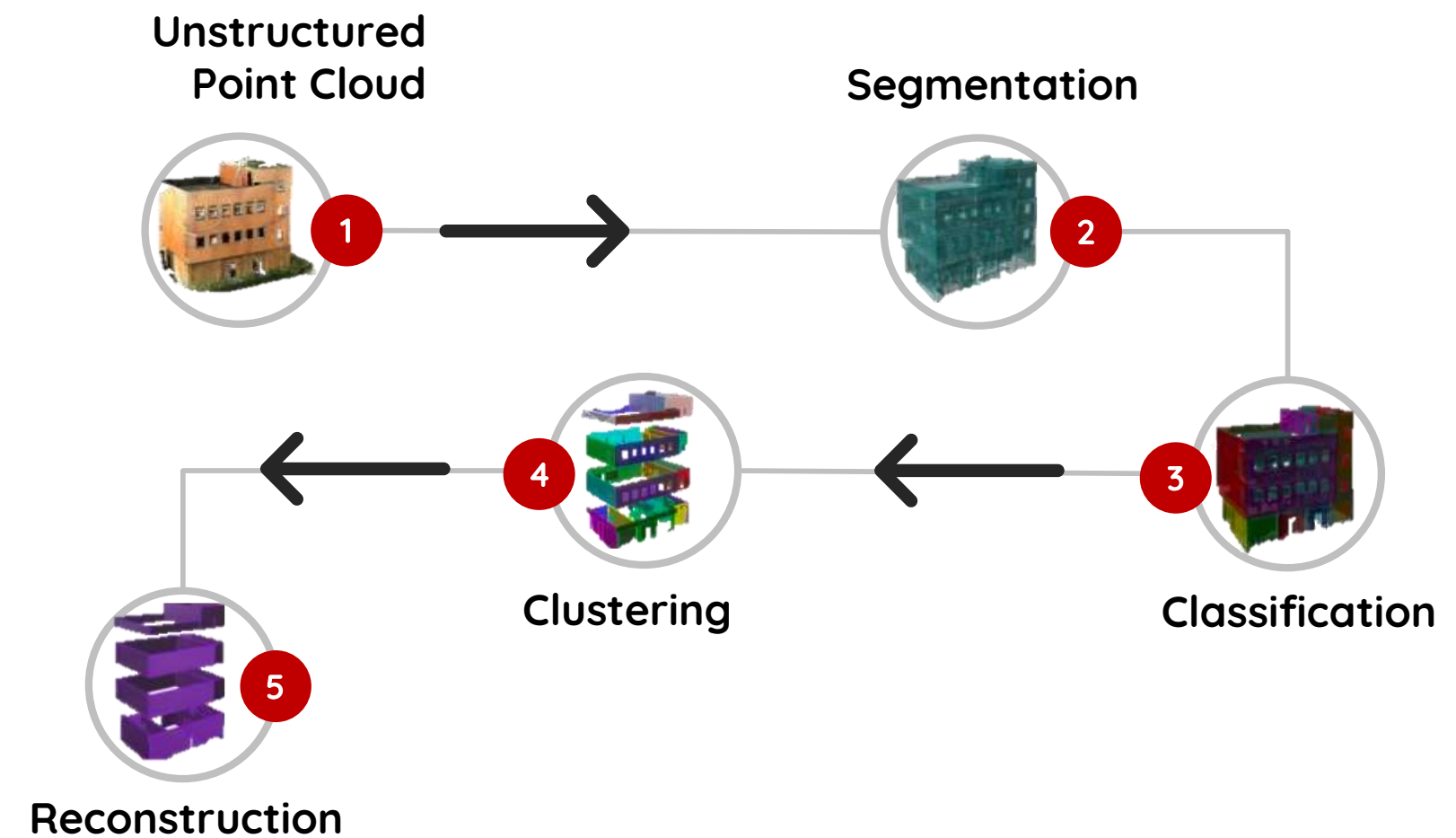


17 Data Point Cloud

The goal of the data point cloud is to compare the as-built with 4D as-planned model, to see what are the differences

We will use data point cloud to compare LOD200 elements:
Walls, Floors, Ceilings

Treatment of the Point Cloud



BLE Beacons

The goal of the BLE beacons is to localize small elements of the construction to see if they are well positioning.

We will use BLE Beacons to compare small elements:
Fire System, Sprinklers...



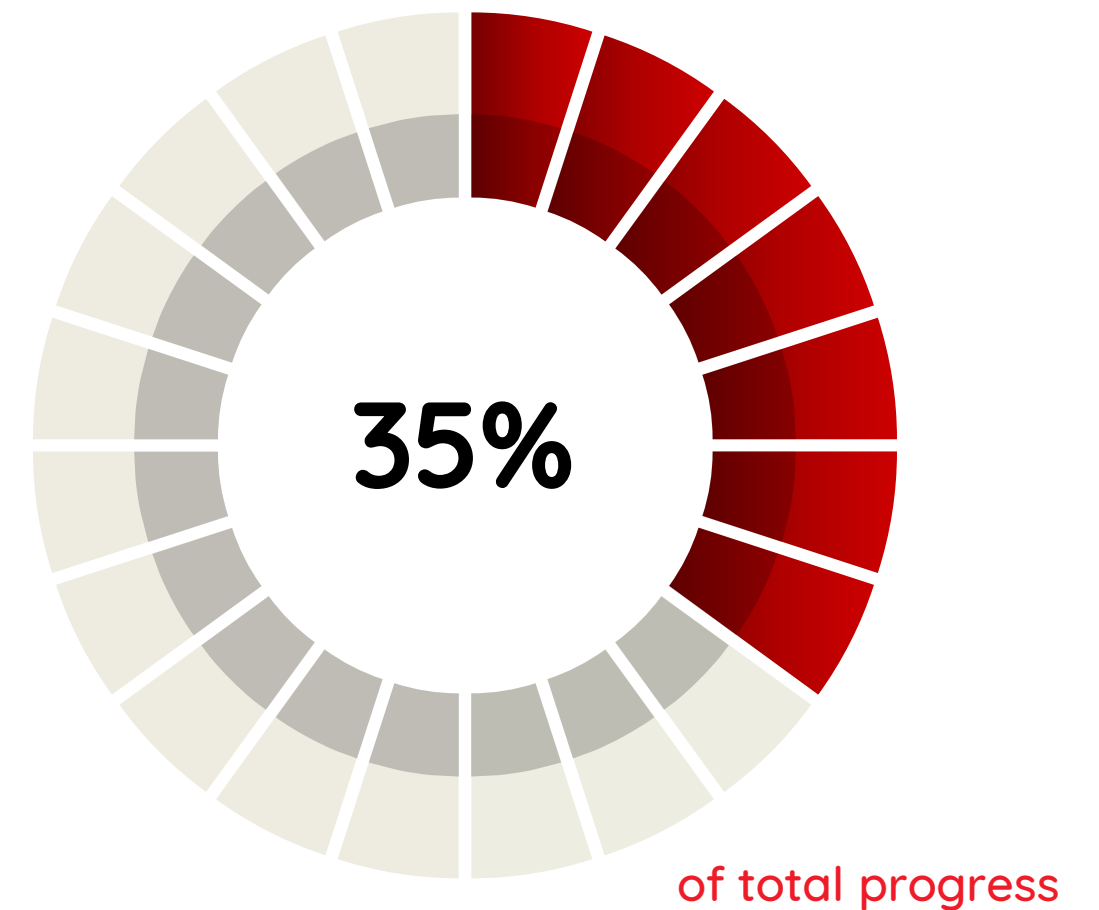
* : Bluetooth Low Energy

1. Place the beacons on an element
2. Localize the element on construction site with Smartphone
3. Process the information to see if the element is well positioned



Conclusion

- Project progress
 - Sensor integration
 - Robot Navigation with BIM and without BIM
 - Autonomous navigation on construction site
 - Point Cloud extraction
- Future steps
 - BIM / IFC path planning
 - 3D reconstruction
 - Comparison between the models
 - Semi-automated progress monitoring



Thank you for your attention!

We thank our partners:

